

Triggering Conditions and Data Quality Traffic Jam

CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium



About the C2C-CC

Enhancing road safety and traffic efficiency by means of Cooperative Intelligent Transport Systems and Services (C-ITS) is the dedicated goal of the CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium. The industrial driven, non-commercial association was founded in 2002 by vehicle manufacturers affiliated with the idea of cooperative road traffic based on Vehicle-to-Vehicle Communications (V2V) and supported by Vehicle-to-Infrastructure Communications (V2I). The Consortium members represent worldwide major vehicle manufactures, equipment suppliers and research organisations.

Over the years, the CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium has evolved to be one of the key players in preparing the initial deployment of C-ITS in Europe and the subsequent innovation phases. CAR 2 CAR members focus on wireless V2V communication applications based on ITS-G5 and concentrate all efforts on creating standards to ensure the interoperability of cooperative systems, spanning all vehicle classes across borders and brands. As a key contributor, the CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium and its members work in close cooperation with the European and international standardisation organisations.

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Table 2: Changes since last version



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1 Introduction

Other (informational)

RS_tcTrJa_148

This document describes the triggering conditions for traffic jam warning for the following two vehicle C-ITS services:

- traffic jam dangerous end of queue
- traffic jam traffic jam ahead



2 Definitions

Definition RS_tcTrJa_642

'Vehicle speed' is the length of the velocity-vector of the reference position point.



3 Requirement specifications

3.1 Traffic jam - dangerous end of queue

3.1.1 Description of cooperative intelligent transport systems (C-ITS) service Other (informational) RS tcTrJa 93

This vehicle C-ITS service transmits vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) information on a situation where an ego vehicle detects the end of a traffic jam ('dangerous end of queue'). Such a situation exists, when the traffic lane of the ego vehicle is blocked and the vehicle cannot proceed in its lane. Urban environment is not considered in this service.

Other (informational)

RS_tcTrJa_149

The following vehicle C-ITS services are related to this service, because they share similar triggering conditions:

'dangerous situations — electronic emergency brake light'.

3.1.2 Triggering conditions

3.1.2.1 Preconditions

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_94

The following preconditions shall be satisfied when this use case is triggered:

- 1. the ego vehicle is located in a non-urban environment, as determined in at least one of the following ways:
 - 1.1. the velocity is greater than 80 km/h for a time block of at least 30 s in the 60 s prior to each detection and the absolute value of the steering wheel angle is less than 90 $^{\circ}$ for a time block of at least 30 s in the 60 s prior to each detection;
 - 1.2. an on-board camera sensor indicates non-urban environment;
 - 1.3. an on-board digital map indicates non-urban environment.

Note: PTW do not use the steering wheel angle recognizing the non-urban environment (steering wheel angle is always treated as being < 90 °).

Tested by:

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_96

The velocity and angle values shall be measured continuously. The conditions shall be satisfied throughout the measurement duration. The process shall start over again if the conditions are not satisfied within measurement duration.

Tested by:

3.1.2.2 Service-specific conditions

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_105

If the preconditions in RS_tcTrJa_94 and at least one of the following conditions are satisfied, the triggering conditions for this vehicle C-ITS service are fulfilled and the generation of a Decentralised Environmental Notification Message (DENM) shall be triggered:

TRCO 0 AND (TRCO 2 OR TRCO 3 OR TRCO 4 OR TRCO 5 OR TRCO 6)



TRCO_1 AND TRCO_2.

Table 3: 'Traffic jam — dangerous end of queue' service-specific conditions

Count	Triggering condition (TRCO)	Status
TRCO_0	The ego vehicle is driving with an initial velocity exceeding 80 km/h and the initial deceleration is equal to or below 0,1 m/s². The driver reacts to the dangerous end of queue by reducing the velocity from initial to target velocity of 30 km/h or less. The duration between initial and target velocity shall be 10 s or less. An instant deceleration between initial and target velocity exceeding -3.5 m/s² is detected.	driver reaction
TRCO_1	Passengers of the ego vehicle react to the traffic jam by enabling hazard lights for at least 3 s	driver reaction
	At least three other vehicles with a velocity of at least 7 km/h have hazard lights enabled for at least 3 s as indicated by: • an on-board camera sensor; or • CAMs.	environment or on-board sensors
TRCO_3	At least one DENM corresponding to the 'Traffic jam - <i>Dangerous</i> end of queue' vehicle C-ITS service has been received.	environment
TRCO_4	At least five different DENMs (i.e. with different actionIDs) corresponding to the 'traffic jam - traffic jam ahead' vehicle C-ITS service have been received from the downstream traffic.	environment
TRCO_5	At least one DENM corresponding to the 'Special vehicle warning - Static safeguarding emergency vehicle' vehicle C-ITS service has been received, with linkedCause equal to Traffic Condition or Dangerous End of Queue.	environment
TRCO_6	On-board sensors of the ego vehicle recognise that the vehicle is facing a dangerous end of queue.	on-board sensors

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_151

A new DENM shall not be requested within the *Detection Blocking Time*. The *Detection Blocking Time* is launched after the event is detected and a DENM to that effect has been requested. In this way, a single event is not able to flood the transmission channel. The *Detection Blocking Time* shall be 60 s no matter how the event is detected. The detection period between two detected events shall be at least equal to the *Detection Blocking Time*. The detection algorithm may run during *Detection Blocking Time*.

Note: No period for the braking manoeuvres is presented, because the initial ego vehicle velocity has no upper restriction.

Tested by:

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_107

A condition shall be valid as long as it is active and for an extra period of 5 s (the period increases the determinism of the detection algorithm). The validity shall decrease from the moment the condition is no longer satisfied, thus facilitating the combination of triggering conditions.



Requirement RS_tcTrJa_108

CAMs and DENMs from remote vehicles used for evaluating service specific conditions as described above shall be relevant for the ego vehicle. The relevance shall be determined in one of these ways:

- a) a digital map indicates that the event and the ego vehicle are separated by a distance of less than 500 m and share the same driving direction;
- b) a path history match indicates that the event and the ego vehicle are separated by a distance of less than 500 m and share the same driving direction;
- c) the Euclidean distance between the event and the ego vehicle is less than 500 m and the absolute value of the heading difference is less than 10 $^{\circ}$. The traffic jam reference positions according to the DENMs are located in an area spanning from 45 $^{\circ}$ to +45 $^{\circ}$ starting at the ego vehicle's longitudinal axis.

Note: When counting vehicles or events, Authorization Ticket (AT) change should be considered in such a way that no vehicle or event is counted multiple times.

Tested by:

3.1.2.3 Information quality

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_109

The value of the data element *informationQuality* in the DENM depends on how the situation is detected. TRCOs (see RS_tcTrJa_105) are divided into groups: driver reaction, vehicle dynamics, environment and on-board sensors. The *informationQuality* value shall be set according to the following table. The highest possible value shall be used.

Table 4: Information quality of 'traffic jam — dangerous end of queue'

Event detection	Value of InformationQuality
No TRCO compliant implementation	unknown(0)
At least one TRCO from the driver reaction AND environment group is fulfilled.	1
At least one TRCO from the driver reaction AND on-board sensors group is fulfilled.	2
At least one TRCO from the driver reaction AND environment AND on-board sensors group is fulfilled.	3

Tested by:

3.1.3 Termination conditions

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_110

A termination of the vehicle C-ITS service shall not be considered.



3.1.3.1 Cancellation

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_111

A cancellation DENM shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.

Tested by:

3.1.3.2 Negation

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_112

A negation DENM shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.

Tested by:

3.1.4 Update

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_113

An update DENM shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.

Tested by:

3.1.5 Repetition duration and repetition interval

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_114

New DENMs shall be repeated for a *repetitionDuration* of 20 s with a *repetitionInterval* of 0,5 s. Therefore, the interface parameters *Repetition duration* and *Repetition interval* between the application and the Decentralised Environmental Notification (DEN) basic service shall be set according to the above values.

Note: Where two DENMs with the same *causeCode originate* from the same vehicle C-ITS station, the case shall be managed by the receiving C-ITS station.

Tested by:

3.1.6 Traffic class

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_115

New DENMs shall be set to traffic class 1.

Tested by:

3.1.7 Message parameters

3.1.7.1 **DENM**

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_116

The following table specifies the data elements of the DENM that shall be set.

Table 5: DENM data elements of 'traffic jam — dangerous end of queue'

Data Field	Value
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	-				
	Management container				
actionID	Identifier of	a DENM. Shall b	e set according to [TS 102 894-2].		
detectionTime	TimestampIts-Timestamp at which the event is detected by the originating vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].				
referenceTime		ts-Timestamp at cordance with [T	which a new DENM is generated. Shall S 102 894-2].		
termination		set, because ne vehicle C-ITS se	ither negation nor cancellation are to be rvice.		
eventPosition	ReferenceP	Position. Shall be	set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].		
relevanceDistance	lessThan10	00 m(4)			
relevanceTrafficDirectio	<i>n</i> upstreamTra	affic(1)			
validityDuration		expected that ve s after detection	hicles will be facing a different traffic		
stationType		f the originating with [TS 102 894	vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in 4-2].		
	Ç	Situation contain	ner		
informationQuality	See RS_tcT	See RS_tcTrJa_109.			
causeCode	dangerousEndOfQueue(27)				
subCauseCode unavailable(0)					
	I	_ocation contail	ner		
eventSpeed		he originating v with [TS 102 894	ehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in 4-2].		
eventPositionHeading	_	the originating with [TS 102 894	vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in 4-2].		
traces		of the originatin with [TS 102 894	g vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in 4-2].		
	RoadType of the road on which the detecting vehicle C-ITS station is situated.				
roadType	Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2] in combination with the following rules:				
	Urban / non-urban	Structural separation	Data element		
	Urban	No	urban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(0)		



	Urban	Yes	urban-WithStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(1)	
	Urban	Unknown	urban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(0) nonUrban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(2)	
	Non-urban	No		
	Non-urban	Yes	nonUrban-WithStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(3)	
	Non-urban	Unknown	nonUrban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(2)	
			urban/non-urban status cannot bent shall be omitted.	
		Alacarte contair	ner	
lanePosition	If the lanePosition is provided by an on-board sensor (e.g. recamera), the value shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 89] Use of GNSS and a digital map to estimate the lane number is legitimate for this version of the triggering condition.			
	If the lanePosition is unknown, the data element shall be omitted.			

Tested by:

3.1.7.2 Cooperative Awareness Message (CAM)

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_117

CAM adaption shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.

Tested by:

3.1.8 Networking and transport layer

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_118

The interface parameter destination area in IF.DEN.1 [ETSI EN 302 637-3] shall be equal to a circular shape with centre point equal to *eventPosition* and radius equal to *relevanceDistance*. Tested by:

3.1.9 Security layer

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_120

When the triggering conditions as described in chapter 3.1.2 apply, the application shall request the blocking of the AT changeover as defined in RS_BSP_184.

Tested by:

3.1.10 Scenarios

Other (informational) RS_tcTrJa_152



This chapter has an informational character and is not part of the requirement specification. The following list encompasses scenarios which are regarded as relevant or irrelevant considering the present vehicle C-ITS service:

Table 6: 'Traffic jam — dangerous end of queue' scenarios

Count	Description	Status
SC_0	A towing maneuver consisting of two vehicles both with enabled hazard lights no matter whether stationary or moving.	Irrelevant
SC_1	A braking maneuver due to a red traffic light.	Irrelevant
SC_2	Freeway.	Relevant
SC_4	The ego vehicle is arriving at the end of a traffic queue. Other vehicles have hazard lights enabled to notify inbound traffic. Passengers of the ego-vehicle react by enabling hazard lights.	Relevant
SC_5	The ego vehicle is standing still at the end of a traffic queue with no vehicles behind. Hazard lights of the ego vehicle may be enabled.	Relevant
SC_6	The ego vehicle is performing a braking maneuver due to the end of a traffic queue. Hazard lights of the ego vehicle may be enabled.	Relevant
SC_6	Traffic on a different road.	Irrelevant
SC_7	Traffic in the opposite driving direction.	Irrelevant
SC_8	Other vehicles than passenger cars and PTWs.	Irrelevant
SC_9	Using hazard lights for 'saying sorry'.	Irrelevant

3.2 Traffic jam - traffic jam ahead

3.2.1 Description of vehicle C-ITS service

Other (informational)

RS tcTrJa 121

This vehicle C-ITS service transmits V2V information on a situation where an ego vehicle detects a traffic jam. Such a situation exists if the ego vehicle is surrounded by stationary traffic or a heavy volume of traffic. This service does not apply to urban environments.

It is important that a traffic jam shall be detected only in appropriate situations. All other situations though related with this vehicle C-ITS service or not, shall not be detected.

Other (informational)

RS_tcTrJa_155

The following vehicle C-ITS services are related to this service, because they share similar triggering conditions:

- 'stationary vehicle warning stopped vehicle';
- 'stationary vehicle warning broken-down vehicle';
- 'stationary vehicle warning post-crash';
- 'special vehicle warning stationary recovery service warning'.



3.2.2 Triggering conditions

3.2.2.1 Preconditions

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_122

The following preconditions shall be satisfied when this use case is triggered:

- 1. no 'stationary vehicle warning' service is detected;
- 2. no 'special vehicle warning' service is detected;
- 3. the ego vehicle is located in a non-urban environment, as determined in at least one of these ways:
 - 3.1. the velocity is greater than 80 km/h for a time block of at least 30 s in the 180 s prior to each detection and the absolute value of the steering wheel angle is less than 90 ° for a time block of at least 30 s in the 60 s prior to each detection;
 - 3.2. an on-board camera sensor indicates non-urban environment;
 - 3.3. an on-board digital map indicates non-urban environment.

Note: PTW do not use the steering wheel angle recognizing the non-urban environment (steering wheel angle is always treated as being <90 °).

Tested by:

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_124

The velocity and angle values shall be measured continuously. The conditions shall be satisfied throughout the measurement duration. The process shall start over again if the conditions are not satisfied within measurement duration.

Tested by:

3.2.2.2 Service-specific conditions

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_131

If the preconditions in RS_tcTrJa_122 and at least one of the following conditions are satisfied, the triggering conditions for this vehicle C-ITS service are fulfilled and the generation of a DENM shall be triggered.

- TRCO_0;
- TRCO_1 AND (TRCO_2 OR TRCO_3 OR TRCO_4 OR TRCO_5)

Table 7: 'Traffic jam — traffic jam ahead' service-specific conditions

Count	Triggering condition	Status
TRCO_	The ego vehicle is moving with an average velocity of 30 km/h or less and more than 0 km/h (this threshold is introduced to avoid overlap and to distinguish TRCO_0 and TRCO_1). The average velocity shall be calculated over a period of 120 s (the duration condition excludes frequently changing traffic states from triggering). Note: This TRCO covers the scenario where the ego vehicle is surrounded by stop-and-go traffic. See SC_5 in RS_tcTrJa_158.	



TRCO_1		vehicle dynamics
TRCO_2	At least one DENM corresponding to the 'traffic jam - traffic jam ahead' vehicle C-ITS- service with the same driving direction has been received.	environment
TRCO_3	At least one traffic jam notification with the same driving direction has been received by means of mobile radio.	environment
TRCO_4	CAMs indicate a velocity of 30 km/h or less of at least five other vehicles within 100 m and with the same driving direction.	environment
TRCO_5		on-board sensor

Tested by:

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_156

A new DENM shall not be requested in the *Detection Blocking Time*. The *Detection Blocking Time* is launched after the event is detected and a DENM to that effect has been requested. In this way, a single event is not able to flood the transmission channel. The *Detection Blocking Time* shall be 180 s no matter how the event is detected. The detection period between two detected events shall be at least equal to the *Detection Blocking Time*. The detection algorithm may run during *Detection Blocking Time*.

Tested by:

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_133

A condition shall be valid as long as it is active and for an extra period of 5 s (the period increases the determinism of the detection algorithm). The validity decreases from the moment the condition is no longer satisfied, thus facilitating the combination of triggering conditions.

Tested by:

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_134

CAMs and DENMs from remote vehicles as well as mobile radio events used to evaluate service-specific conditions as described above shall be relevant for the ego vehicle. The relevance shall be determined in one of these ways:

- a) digital map indicates that the event and the ego vehicle are separated by a distance of less than 500 m and share the same driving direction;
- b) a path history match indicates that the event and the ego vehicle are separated by a distance of less than 500 m and share the same driving direction;
- c) the Euclidean distance between the event and the ego vehicle is less than 500 m and the absolute value of the heading difference is less than 10 $^{\circ}$. The traffic jam reference positions according to the DENMs are located in an area spanning from -45 $^{\circ}$ to +45 $^{\circ}$ starting at the ego vehicle's longitudinal axis.

Note: When counting vehicles or events, AT change should be considered in such a way that no vehicle or event is counted multiple times.



3.2.2.3 Information quality

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_135

The value of the data element *informationQuality* in the DENM depends on how the situation is detected. TRCOs (see RS_tcTrJa_131) are divided into groups: driver reaction, vehicle dynamics, environment and on-board sensors. The *informationQuality* value shall be set in accordance with the following table. The highest possible value shall be used.

Table 8: Information quality of 'traffic jam — traffic jam ahead'

Event detection	Value of InformationQuality
No TRCO-compliant implementation	unknown(0)
Al least one condition from the vehicle dynamics group is fulfilled, i.e. condition TRCO_0 is fulfilled.	1
At least one condition from the vehicle dynamics AND environment group is fulfilled.	2
At least one condition from the vehicle dynamics AND on-board sensor group is fulfilled.	3
At least one condition from the vehicle dynamics AND environment group AND on-board sensor group is fulfilled	4

Tested by:

3.2.3 Termination conditions

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_136

A termination of the vehicle C-ITS service shall not be considered.

Tested by:

3.2.3.1 Cancellation

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_137

A cancellation DENM shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.

Tested by:

3.2.3.2 Negation

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_138

A negation DENM shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.



3.2.4 Update

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_139

An update DENM shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.

Tested by:

3.2.5 Repetition duration and repetition interval

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_140

New DENMs shall be repeated for a *repetitionDuration* of 60 s with a *repetitionInterval* of 1 s. Therefore, the interface parameters *Repetition duration* and *Repetition interval* between the application and the DEN basic service shall be set in accordance with the values above.

Note: Where two DENMs with the same *causeCode* originate from the same vehicle C-ITS station, the case shall be managed by the receiving C-ITS station.

Tested by:

3.2.6 Traffic class

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_141

New DENMs shall be set to traffic class 1.

Tested by:

3.2.7 Message parameters

3.2.7.1 DENM

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_142

The following table specifies the data elements of the DENM that shall be set.

Table 9: DENM data elements of 'traffic jam — traffic jam ahead'

Data field	Value			
	Management container			
actionID	Identifier of a DENM. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].			
detectionTime	TimestampIts-timestamp at which the event is detected by the originating vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].			
referenceTime	TimestampIts-timestamp at which a new DENM is generated. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].			
termination	Shall not be set, because neither negation nor cancellation are to be used in this vehicle C-ITS service.			
eventPosition	ReferencePosition. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].			



relevanceDistance	lessThan10	00m(4)		
relevanceTrafficDirection				
validityDuration	60 s (a traffic jam situation is expected to last at least 60 s)			
stationType	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	the originating v	rehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in I-2].	
	Si	tuation containe	er	
informationQuality	See RS_tcTrJa_135.			
causeCode	trafficCondit	trafficCondition(1)		
subCauseCode	unavailable((0)		
	Lo	ocation containe	r	
eventSpeed	Speed of the originating vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].			
eventPositionHeading	Heading of the originating vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].			
Traces	PathHistory of the originating vehicle C-ITS station. Shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2].			
	RoadType of the road on which the detecting vehicle C-ITS station is situated.			
	Shall be set the following		th [TS 102 894-2] in combination with	
	Urban / non- urban	Structural separation	Data element	
	Urban	No	urban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(0)	
roadType	Urban	Yes	urban-WithStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(1)	
	Urban	Unknown	urban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(0)	
	Non-urban	No	nonUrban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(2)	
	Non-urban	Yes	nonUrban-WithStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(3)	
	Non-urban	Unknown	nonUrban-NoStructuralSeparation ToOppositeLanes(2)	
	If the information about the urban/non-urban status cannot be determined, the data element shall be omitted.			
Alacarte container				



lanePosition	If the lanePosition is provided by an on-board sensor (e.g. radar, camera), the value shall be set in accordance with [TS 102 894-2]. Use of GNSS and a digital map to estimate the lane number is not legitimate for this version of the triggering condition.
	If the lanePosition is unknown, the data element shall be omitted.

Tested by:

3.2.7.2 CAM

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_143

CAM adaption shall not be used for this vehicle C-ITS service.

Tested by:

3.2.8 Networking and transport layer

Requirement RS_tcTrJa_144

The interface parameter destination area in IF.DEN.1 [ETSI EN 302 637-3] shall be equal to a circular shape with centre point equal to *eventPosition* and radius equal to *relevanceDistance*. Tested by:

3.2.9 Security layer

Requirement RS tcTrJa 146

When the triggering conditions as described in chapter 3.2.2 apply, the application shall request the blocking of the AT changeover as defined in RS_BSP_184.

Tested by:

3.2.10 Scenarios

Other (informational)

RS tcTrJa 158

This chapter has an informational character and is not part of the requirement specification.

The following list encompasses scenarios which are regarded as relevant or irrelevant considering the present vehicle C-ITS service:

Table 10:	'Traffic	iam —	traffic	iam ahead	'scenarios
I UDIO IO.		IMIII	uaiio	Jaiii aiicaa	Journalion

Count	Description	Status
SC_0	Freeway.	Relevant
SC_1	The ego vehicle is in a breakdown state.	Irrelevant
SC_2	The ego vehicle is in a crash state.	Irrelevant.
SC_3	The ego vehicle performs a rescue and recovery operation.	Irrelevant
SC_4	The ego-vehicle is stationary surrounded by other road users.	Relevant



SC_5	The ego-vehicle is surrounded by stop-and-go traffic.	Relevant
SC_6	Traffic on a different road.	Irrelevant
SC_7	Traffic in the opposite driving direction.	Irrelevant
SC_8	Other vehicles than passenger cars and PTWs.	Irrelevant